

KOLAROV, A.

KOLAROV, A. Capacity of our mining carts. p. 42.

Vol. 6, No. 8, Aug. 1956

RATIONALIZATSIIA.

TECHNOLOGY

Sofia, Bulgaria

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 3, March 1957

KOLAROV, Angel L., inzh.

Research regarding the utilisation of aluminum conductors for construction of telegraphy and telephone air lines. Tekhnika Bulg. 10 no.8:37-39 '61.

(Telegraph) (Telephone)

KOLAROV, Dichev, aspirant

Present aspects of tissue therapy. Stomatologija, Sofia No.6:365-
370 1954.

1. Iz Katedrata po khirurgichna stomatologii pri Meditsinskata
akademija Vulko Chervenkov, Sofiia. Zav. katedrata: prof. Slavcho
M. Davidov.

(TISSUE THERAPY,
in dent.)

(DENTISTRY,
tissue ther. in)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, D.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3"

KOLAROV, D.

Some theoretical problems of epidemiology. J. hyg. epidem. 6 no.4:
496-497 '62.

1. Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Sofia.
(EPIDEMIOLOGY)

KOLAROV, Dimitur

"Malchika" State Industrial Enterprise marks continuous successes.
Tekstilna prom 13 no. 4:26-28 '64.

1. Chief, Section of Technical Progress in the "Malchika"
State Industrial Enterprise, Sofia.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

MANOLOV, Spas; KOLAROV, Dobromir

A method of dividing the space into regions. Fiz mat spisanie BAN
6 no.1:31-37 '63.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3"

KOLAROV, G., kandidat na meditsinskite nauki

Tissue therapy in patients with trigeminal neuralgia. Nauch.
tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 41 no. 31/9-62 '62.

1. Predstavena ot prof. Sl. Davidov.
(TISSUE THERAPY) (TRIGEMINAL NEURALGIA)

KOLAROV, G., kand. na med. nauki

Use of tissue therapy in patients with contractures and ankylosis of
the mandible. Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 39 no.5:55-72 '60.

1. Predstavena ot prof. d-r Sl. Davidov, rukoviditel na Katedrata po
khirurgichna stomatologija.

(MANDIBLE dis) (TISSUE THERAPY)

ANCHEV, N., prof.; KRUSTEV, B.; KIROV, St.; KOLAROV, G.; DUDINOV, Zl.;
PAMPULOV, Zdr.

Geriatrics in oncological surgery. Khirurgia 17 no.2:
233-234 '64.

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatelskiiia onkologichen institut, Sofiia.

KOLAROV, G.D. (Sofiya)

"Neuralgia of the trigeminal nerve and its treatment by alcoholization" by O.A.Shternberg. Reviewed by G.D.Kolarov. Stomatologija 41 no.4:103-105 Jl-Ag '62. (MIRA 15:9) (NEURALGIA, TRIGEMINAL) (ALCOHOL—THERAPEUTIC USE) (SHTERNBERG,O.A.)

KOLAROV, I.

Some new methods in repairing steam boilers. p. 20.
ELEKTROENERGIIA, Sofiya, Vol. 6, no. 2, Feb. 1955.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, no. 10, Oct. 1955,
Uncl.

KOLAROV, I., inzh.; TS'RVENKOV, N., inzh.

Design of the main beams of crane bridges. Vest.mashinostr. 43
(MIRA 16:10)
no.9:28-31 S '63.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, I., inzh.; TS"RVENKOV, N. [TSurvenkov, N.], inzh.

Determining the efficient shape for the grooving of belt
conveyors. Vest. mashinostr. 45 no.4:39-41 Ap '65.

(MIRA 18:5)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3"

KOLAROV, Iv., inzh.

Fighting the iron losses in transformers. Tekhnika Bulg 3 no.3:
29-30 Mr '54.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, Ivan, inzh.

Tables for detecting damages in collecting machines. Elektro-
energiia 14 no.9: 29-31 8'63.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3"

KOLAROV, Ivan, inzh.

Use of asynchronous generators in the small hydroelectric power plants of the Elektroproizvodstvo Enterprise, Plovdiv. Elektroenergiia 15 no. 2: 22-23 F '64.

1. Elektroproizvodstvo, Plovdiv.

KOLAROV, K., inzh.

Semiautomatic conveyor for the manufacture of rubber
products at the SVIT Works, Czechoslovakia. Kozhi Sofia
4-1968 14-16 '63.

1. Gl. inzh. DKZ "Iako Dorosiev", gara Iskur.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

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YCIARCV, Y.

KOLAROV, M. UKISM-2 universal control-testing device. p. 18 Vol. 7 no. 12.
Dec. 1956. MASHINIZIRANO ZEMEDELIE. Sofia, Bulgaria

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol. 6, No. 4--April 1957

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, N.; BONCHEVA, Z.

Creep of crystals salts. Pt. 2. Godishnik khim tekhnicheskikh nauchno-issledovaniy i prikladnoi radiotekhniki, no. 2, 1961, p. 103-115 [publ. '62].

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3"

KOLAROV, N.; DOBREVA, R.

Creeping of crystalline salts. Pts.4-5. Godishnik khim tekhnika
9 no.2:163-170, 191-197 '62 [publ. '63].

KOLAROV, M., prof.; VODENICHAROV, I., st. n. sutr.

To the memory of Prof. Dimitur Balarev. (Nauch zhivot ?
no. 1:20-21 Jan. '64.)

KOLAROV, N.; MANEVA, M.

Existence of lead peroxide compounds. Pt. 2. Godishnik khim
tekhn. no. 1:77-84 '62 [publ. '63].

KOLAROV, N.; BONCHEVA, Z.

Creeping of crystal salts. Pt. 3. Godishnik khim tekhnicheskikh nauchno-tekhnicheskikh issledovaniy i prilozhenii 1962, no. 1: 111-120 [publ. '63].

CA

Gel water in several dried samples and hydrolyzed
the rage of the same or heating. *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, Vol.
50, 1954, 11. Previous observations, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 26, 241-51
(in German), 34(2-4) (1912-13), *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 35, 28-33
(1913), NaCl and KCl, were had been heated, 10
and 8 times, respectively, in the same manner and dried 3 years
previously, were each dissolved in 10 ml. water and portion
was exposed to the air under dried 10 times, and moisture
conditions, then heated at 40° and 100°, and moisture
for one day (designated "fresh" NaCl or KCl); the other
portion was heated in a vacuum vessel bath of 40° for
48 days and then further heated one day at 40° (designated
as "old" NaCl or KCl). The loss of water from
40° was greater for the "fresh" samples and was less
for the slowly ground material. Adsorption of water as well as
desorption of water proceeds differently (with marked
change in the ground sample); the hydrolytically bound
water is smaller in "old" NaCl or KCl than that in "fresh"
samples, and is smaller in the more slowly ground ma-
terial and that ground at the higher temp. Titration with
0.0001 N HCl (methyl red indicator) showed that on
heating at 100°, 200° or 400°, greater hydrolytic cleavage
took place (1) with slowly ground "fresh" NaCl or KCl

than with "old" samples, (2) with increase in temp., and
(3) with slowly heated "fresh" NaCl than with the quickly
heated material. Hydrolytic cleavage is a function of the
amt. of water adsorbed on inner surfaces as well as on
outer surfaces.

George Ayers

ASSISTANT METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION
SEARCH SYSTEM

SEARCH INDEX
SEARCHED AND SERIALIZED

KOLAROV, NIKOLA

③

Hydrolytic adsorption during precipitation of barium sulf-
late. Nikolay Kolarov. Annuaire Univ. Sofia, Fac. phys.-
math., Tome 17, 1970-80 (1944-1945) (General summary).—
BaSO₄ was formed by mixing solns. of K₂SO₄ and BaCl₂,
and hydrolytic adsorption (I) was detd. by titration with
Ba(OH)₂ and HCl solns. when BaCl₂ (II) and K₂SO₄ (III),
resp., were used in excess. Adsorption of the corresponding i-
on units according to the Panet-Pajun's law (P.-P. adsorption)
was detd. by analyzing for SO₄²⁻ ions and Ba²⁺ ions separately
after Na₂CO₃ fusion of the ppt. Rate of pptn. did not
affect either type of adsorption. Storage of the mixt.
contg. the ppt. for 00 days showed initial increase in I-
when III was in excess, whereas P.-P. adsorption decreased;
when II was in excess, both types of adsorption decreased
with time. The presence of salts had specific effects: KCl
and LiNO₃ reduced I but increased P.-P. adsorption; KNO₃
and LiCl reduced, and KI increased, both. Increasing the
concn. of III increased both adsorptions; when equiv.
amts. of II and III were used, adsorption did not occur.
Addn. of excess II or III to the mixt. after the ppt. was
formed did not affect either adsorption. When the mixts.
were heated immediately after pptn., the adsorptions were
reduced, but heating 20 hrs. after pptn. had no effect.
These results show that BaSO₄ ages rapidly and the im-
purities adsorbed during pptn. separate very fast. G. M.

Kolarov, Nikola

② 4
The reduction of some oxides with hydrogen. Nikolai Kolarov, Annalen uns. Soz. f. phys.-math., Seite 11, 41, 87-107 (1944-1945) (German summary); cf. C.A. 44, 1353a. — The effect of the following pretreatments of CuO, MnO₂, and PbO₂ upon the temp. at which reduction by H₂ measurably begins, was studied: length of preheating (CuO at 700°, MnO₂ at 400°, and PbO₂ at 300°); degree of aging by steam (280-320°); consecutive preheating at high and low temps.; preheating at gradually increasing temps.; soaking with solns. of Na₂SO₄, NaCl, Na₂Cr₂O₇, NaI, and NaNO₃; partial reaction with HCl; mode of prepn. (from hydroxides or nitrates). — The reduction temps. for all 3 oxides varied greatly (up to 100°), depending upon the pretreatment.

G. Meguerian

6

CA

Reduction of some oxides with hydrogen. II. Nickel.
Kolosov. *Compt. rend. Acad. Bulgare sci., math. et nature.*
2, 69 (1949) (in German); cf. *Jahrb. Phys. Chem.*,
math. Phys. (1), 41, 87 (1944-45).—For CuO, MgO and
MnO₂, the temp. of initiation of II reduction is raised to
21° by previous heating in O₂, N₂ or CO₂, or by treatment
with 30% H₂O₂; H₂O₂.
A. G. Blume

The party of distilled water...M. Kohlmeier (Stahl, Polytank, Baden, Belg.). *Osterr. Chem.-Ztg.*, 50, 180 (1946).—The Cottrell method for the pptn. of dust particles is applied to the purification of water by distn. A potential of 40-80 kv. is applied to the vapor. The method prevents droplets of untreated liquid from entering the distillate.

E. E. Marchik

CA

2-

Origin of volatile barium compounds in the system
BaSO₄-H₂SO₄. N. Kalarow (Staatl. Polytech., Sohle,
Hulg.). Olyer, Chem.-Ztg., 1940, 120(1940).—The intensification
of the yellow-green color, typical of Ba compounds,
heated in a Bunsen flame, obtained when using pure
BaSO₄ measured with H₂SO₄ or C₂H₅OH is not due to volatile
Ba compounds. The effect is due to formation of colloidal
droplets that produce very finely divided particles in the
flame.
E. E. Murchison, Jr.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, N.

"Accelerated Crystallization of a Saturated Solution of Barium Sulfate," p. 27.
(DOKLADY, Vol. 3, no. 2/3, Apr./Dec. 1950 [Published 1951]. Sofiya, Bulgaria.)

So; Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 3, No. 5, May 1954/Unclassified

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3"

CR

The reduction of copper oxides by hydrogen. N. Kolarov and M. Kirikov. Bulgar. Akad. Nauk. Oddel. Gof. Copefa, f. Kibin. Nauki. Izdat. Khim. Inst., 1, 206-18 (1961) (German summary).—The temp. at which the reduction of differently treated samples of CuO and MnO₂ in a stream of H₂ started was determined. Original CuO (MnO₂) 212° (254°), after grinding for ½ hr. 184° (217°), after irradiation with ultraviolet for ½ hr. 248° (229°); original CuO 212°, after treatment with dil. HNO₃ for 20 hrs. 204°, after irradiation with ultraviolet for 8 hrs. 248°; CuO, heated for 24 hrs. at 220° and rapidly cooled 248°, slowly cooled over 20 hrs. 260°. Grinding, ultraviolet and rapid cooling cause an activation; acid treatment and slow cooling cause an aging of the oxides.

Rudolf Nikoche

2

CA

The catalytic decomposition of hydrogen peroxide by a
silver catalyst. (Author: Katalinov, Balay. A. Acad. Nauk.
Soviet. S.S.R., Institute of Chemistry, Institute of
Chemical Catalysis, T. Khm. Novosib. Inst. Khim. Inst. 1,
197-200(1961) (Ozernova summary).—The rate of decomposi-
tion of H_2O_2 in the presence of different salts and catalysts was
studied. Catalysts (mixts) were: MgO ($NaNO_3$, $NaOAc$,
 $NaCl$, $NaNO_2$, NH_4 , K_2CO_3 , KCl , KNO_3 , KBr);
charcoal (Na tartrate, $NaOAc$, $NaNO_3$, $NaCl$, NH_4 , K
 OAc , KNO_3 , KCl , KBr) and Ag powder ($NaOAc$,
 $NaNO_3$, $NaCl$, NH_4 , $KOAc$, KNO_3 , KCl , KBr).
In general the effect of the added corresponds to the
Hofmann's series. In the case of the charcoal the AgO^-
ion forms an exception, owing to strong adsorption. Ag
powder shows no activity in the presence of Cl^- and Br^-
(superficial layer of Ag halide) and very slow action with
 AgO^- . A previous irradiation of the Ag powder (and the
 AgO^- by ultraviolet, creating a mixed form of these cata-
lysts, reduced their activity considerably. The activity of
the charcoal was increased by ultraviolet radiation. This is
attributed to the formation of active centers by superoxidation
by means of O_2 created by the ultraviolet.

Randolf Nitze

HOLANDA V. N.

Purity of oxygen produced by the manganese dioxide-catalyzed decomposition of potassium chlorate. N. Kolarov
(Sofia, Politechn., Sofia). - Compt. rend. Acad. bulgarii sci.
S, No. 2/3, 13-16 (1953) (in German). - Purest O (contg.
<0.025 vol. % Cl) is obtained from the MnO₂-catalyzed
decompn. of KClO₄ by the use of (a) low-activity MnO₂
(prepd. from thermal decompo. of Mn(NO₃)₂ at 450°) (b)
unpurified MnO₂, and (c) a gram ratio of KCl(1:MnO₂)
either 5:1 or 1:6 (but not 2:1 as usually recommended).
Irradiation of the MnO₂ with ultraviolet light increases the
chlorine content of the O.

L. W. Wright

RP

KOLAROV, NIKOLA

BULG.

✓ A new improved method for obtaining metal polyoxides by
the Brønsted method. Nikolai Kolarov (State Polytechnicum,
Sofia). Comp. rend. soc. bulg. sci. t. 6, No. 2 21-4
(1953) (Pub. 1954) (in German).—In order to maintain a
continuous arc, one of the electrodes is mounted in an airc
generator. R. D. Mich

NY 7/7

BULG

A new method for the simultaneous separation of oxalate
and phosphoric acids in the systematic determination of

analytical Group II cations. *Analiticheskaya khimiya*,
ser. 6, No. 8, 6-12 (1953) Pub. 1954 (in Russian). In the

classical scheme of qual. cation separation, the oxalate and
phosphate ions are pptd. with three different reagents: Pb^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , and Pb^{2+} . Ca^{2+} is present to prevent precipitation of Pb^{2+} .

With group I cations, however, treat the filtrate with a slight excess of Pb^{2+} to precipitate oxalate and phosphate.

Bitrariate III will precipitate Mn^{2+} and Zn^{2+} possibly some Fe^{2+} and Al^{3+} . It will not precipitate Pb^{2+} as PbSO_4 and Al^{3+} as $\text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$.

Finally, to ppt. Mn^{2+} , Zn^{2+} and Fe^{2+} sulfides + 4-5%
Al along w/ Pb^{2+} from III. And finally, to ppt. Al^{3+} coning Ca^{2+} + 4-5% Al along w/ Pb^{2+} from III. This is the original group III ppt.

KOTAROV N.

The "reduction capability" of distilled water obtained by passing water vapor through an electric field. T. Tandashov and N. Kukarev (V. Cherenkov Med. Acad., Sofia). *Compt. rend. acad. bulgare sci.* 8, No. 1, 33-6 (1955) (in English); cf. C.A. 44, 5607a. A high-quality distd. H₂O was obtained by passing H₂O vapor through an electro-filter, except for its "reduction capability." This resulted from the formation of traces of H₂O₂ in the filter. O. C. C.

KOLAROV, N.

KOLAROV, N. New method for obtaining distilled water for injection solutions. I. Chemical purity of distilled water. p. 333. Vol. 3, 1955 IZVESTILA. Sofiia, Bulgaria

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol. 6, No. 4--April 1957

KOLAROV, N.

KOLAROV, N. Nonvolatile substances carried over in distillation of their water solutions. p. 345 Vol. 3, 1955 IZVESTILA. Sofia, Bulgaria

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol. 6, No. 4—April 1957

Kolarov, N.

Bulgaria/Fitting Out of Laboratories -- Instruments, Their Theory, Construction, and Use, H

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1957, 1355

Author: Kolarov, N., and Trandafilov, Tr.

Institution: Bulgarian Academy of Sciences

Title: On the Entrainment of Nonvolatile Substances During Distillation of Their Aqueous Solutions

Original Periodical: Dokl. Bulgar. AN, 1954 (1955), Vol 7, No 3, 13-16 (in German with a summary in Russian)

Abstract: The contamination of distilled water caused by boiling during distillation is investigated; 0.1, 0.5, and 1 N solutions of KCNS, KBr, K_2SO_4 , and potassium citrate were prepared, using distilled water. It was established that the various anions can be arranged in the following series in order of decreasing contamination: citrate > SO_4^{2-} > Br^- > CNS^- . It is shown that the contamination is greater the lower the distillation temperature; contamination is also a

Card 1/2

Bulgaria/APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 Agents CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3
and Use, H

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1957, 1355

Abstract: function of the uniformity of heat transfer in the space above the solution and of the intensity of bubbling. A complete inhibition of contamination was observed when the distillation is carried out without the formation of bubbles in the solution. A general classification of the contaminants in distilled water is given.

Card 2/2

TRANDAFILOV, Tr., Dots.; KOLAROV, N., Prof.

Reducing properties of distilled water obtained by passage of vapor through electric field. Nauch. tr. Viessh. med. inst. Chervenkov, Sofia 2 no.5:49-52 1956.

1. Predstavena ot dots. Tr. Trandafilov, zav. Katedrata po tekhnologija na lekarstvenite formi.

(WATER,

reducing properties of distilled water obtained by passage of steam through electric field (Bul))

KOLTHROW, N.

B-14

BULGARIA/Chemistry of Collids - Dispersed Systems.

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 18774

Author : N. Kolthrow, Iw. Mladenow.

Inst : Academy of Sciences of Bulgaria.

Title : Characteristics of Metal Hydrosols Produced by Bredig's Method with Vibrating Electrode. I.

Orig Pub : Dokl. Bolgar. AN, 1956, 9, No 1, 15-18

Abstract : The properties of hydrosols of Ag, Cu, Cd and Au produced by Bredig's method with electric sparks between metallic electrodes submerged in distilled water were investigated. Experiments of producing sols (1) by friction of electrodes and (2) with a vibrating electrode described by the author earlier (RZhKhim, 1956, 7246) were carried out simultaneously. The dispersion according to the 2nd method proceeds 12 times more rapidly in the average than that according to the 1st method; the produced sols contain less of large particles that do not pass through a filter,

Card 1/2

- 330 -

Card 1/1

KOLAROV, N. ; TRANDAFILOV, T.

"New apparatus for obtaining distilled water for infection solutions by electric filter and catalyzer." In French. p. 15

DOKLADY. Sofia, Bulgaria, Vol. 12, No. 1, January/February, 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 9, No. 2, February, 1960. Uncl.

KOLAROV, N.

On the movement of certain inorganic substances, moistened with
capillary active organic solution on the water surface. Gedisknik
khim tekh 6 no.1:63-73 '59 (Publ. '60)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, N. I., MANEVA, M.

On the existence of lead peroxide compounds. Godishnik khim. tekhn. 6
no. 2: 41-53 '59. (Publ. '60).

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MLADENOV, Iv., KOLAROV, N.

Characteristics of the metallic hydrosols obtained by the Bredig method with the aid of the vibrating electrode. II. Godishnik khim tekh 7 no.1/2:259-268 '60 [publ. '61].

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, H.; DOBREVA, R.

Creeping of crystal salts. Pt. 1. Godishnik khim tekh 8 no.1:
99-122 '61 [publ. '62].

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3"

KOLAROV, N.; CHOLAKOVÁ, I.; PROINOVÁ, R.

Impurity of calcium sulfate obtained through various speeds
of crystallization depending on the pH of its supersaturated
solutions. Godishnik khim tekh 9 no. 3:111-115 '62
[publ. '63]

KOLAROV, Nikolai; CHOLAKOVA, Yovka; PROYNOVA, Rayna

Contamination of calcium sulfate during crystallisation
from supersaturated solutions. Zhur. neorg. khim. 9 no.3:
760-762 Mr '64. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Khimiko-tehnologicheskiy institut, kafedra neorganicheskoy khimi, Sofiya, Bolgariya.

POPIANKOV, B.; KOLAROV, N.

Speed of solution of KCl tablets. Khim i industriia 36 no.7:243-246
'64.

1. Scientific Research Institute for Chemical Industries, Sofia.

KOLAROV, N.; PROYNOVA, R.; CHOLAKOVA, I.

Contamination of strontium sulfate during various rates of
crystallization from supersaturated solutions. Zhur. neorg.
khim. 10 no.5:1265-1266 My '65. (MIRA 18:6)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, P.

Growth of *Pomatomus saltatrix* L. Izv Inst ribovud RAN 3:
103-126 '63.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

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KOLAROV, P.

Fishing along the Bulgarian Black Sea coast. Biol i khim 6
no.6:11-18 '63.

KOLAROV, P.; ANDREEV, Dim.

Anabolic steroids and their clinical significance. Suvr. med.
14 no.6:3-14 '63.

(ANABOLIC STEROIDS)

KOLARCV, P.; KARADOCHEV, P.

Main guidelines for increasing labor productivity in
the woodworking and furniture industries. Trud tseni
6 no. 1: 14-26 '64.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3

KOLAROV, Panaiot

Labor force in the period of general perspective. Trud tseni 4 no.10:
7-17 '62.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723720007-3"

KOLAROV, Pan.

LOLOV, V., dots.; SILDAROV, N.; KOLAROV, P.; MALAMOV, B., ZHELIAZKOV, T.

Verification of myocardial lesions in rheumatism with the aid of
precordial leads. Suvrem.med., Sofia 6 no.3:47-50 1955.

1. In Klinikata po bolnichna terapiia pri Visshiiia meditsinski
institut V.Chervenkov - Sofiia (sav. katedrata: prof. Al.Pukhlev)
(ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY, in various diseases,
rheum. heart dis., precordial leads)
(RHEUMATIC HEART DISEASE, diagnosis,
ECG, precordial leads)

Kolarov, Pan.

PENCHEV, Iv., Prof.; POPOV, Al.; KOLAROV, Pan.; ANDREEV, Dim.

Treatment of diabetes mellitus with sulfanilo-ureic
preparations. Suvrem. med., Sofia 7 no.10:3-20 1956.

1. Iz Klinikata po vutreshni bolesti s endokrinologija i
bolesti na obmanata pri ISUL (Direktor: prof. Iv. Penchev).
(UHMA, rel. cpds.)

sulfonyl ureas in ther. of diabetes mellitus)
(SULFONAMIDES, ther. use
same)

(DIABETES MELLITUS, ther.
sulfonyl ureas)

PENCHEV, Iv., prof.; POPOV, Al.; KOLAROV, Pan.; ANDREYEV, Dim. (Sofiya)

Sulfanil urea therapy of diabetes mellitus [with summary in English].
Probl.endok. i gorm. 4 no.6:20-28 N-D '58. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Is kliniki vnutrennikh bolezney s endokrinologiyey i bolezney
obmena veshchestv Instituta usovershenstvovaniya i spetsializatsii
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med. 12 no.10:115-124 '61.

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"Struggle for Fulfillment of the State Health Plan and Further Improvement of the Quality of Medical Service Rendered to Working People", p. 3. (ZDRAVNO DELO, Vol.6, no. 3, June 1953, Sofiya, Bulgaria).

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Therapeutic and preventive method. Svrem. med., Sofia 5 no.5:
7-14 1954.

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p. 3, (ZDRAVNO DELO, Vol. 6, No. 5, Oct. 1954, Sofiya, Bulgaria)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4
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med., Sofia no.9/10;3-8 '59.

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Some peculiarities in the changes of the age groups of *Alosa kessleri pontica* Eichw. Izv Inst ribovud BAN 5:93-116 '64.

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A new fish for Bulgarian fauna, Alosa fallax nilotika Geoffroy (Clupeidae, Pisces), Mediterranean Sea finta, p. 351.

IZVESTILA. Sofia, Bulgaria, Vol. 7, 1958

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Some problems of our sea fishing. Priroda Bulg 10 no.5:3-8
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Biological peculiarities of the Black Sea fauna. Biol i khim
4 no.3:8-15 '62.

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Rapid reception of telegrams by typewriter. p. 15.

RADIO. Vol. 5, no. 1, 1956

Sofia, Bulgaria

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 6, No. 1, January 1957

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International competitions in radio-telegraphy. p. 7.

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1960-1961. Suvar. med. (Sofia) 15 no. 2:6-22 '64

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years old child. Folia med. (Plovdiv) 7 no.3:217-220 '65.

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5 no.7:33-43 1954.

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(zav. katedrata prof. L.Bachev)
(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, in infant and child.)

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Clinical significance of laboratory investigations in hepatitis
in children. Suvrem. med., Sofia 5 no.7:44-57 1954.

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(Zav. katedrata: prof. L.Bachev)
(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, in infant and child,
laboratory investigations in)

KOLAROV, S.A., TODOROV, Yu.S.

Clinical role of thymol turbidity test. Pediatrilia no.5:21-27
Mys '57.

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta okhrany materninstva
i detstva (dir. S.A.Kolarov) i kafedry pediatrii Sofiyskogo
meditsinskogo instituta (zav. prof. L.Zachev)
(THYMOL) (HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS)

KOLAROV, S., prof. (Bulgariya)

Repeated prophylaxis for rheumatic fever in children. Vop.
revn. 2 no.4:16-33 O-D'62 (MIRA 17:4)

BULGARIA

St. KOLAROV, Director (Direktor) Institute for Scientific Research on Diseases of Children (Nauchno-izследovatelskii institut po pediatrii).

"Secondary Prevention of Rheumatic Fever in Children."

Sofia, Sovremennoe Meditsine, Vol 13, No 9, 1962; pp 3-8.

Abstract : Text of report presented at the symposium on rheumatic fever in Moscow in May 1962. Studies in 1960-1961 among 322,200 students aged 7 to 16 (i.e. in 25% of all Bulgarian population of this age group) revealed a rheumatic fever incidence of 1.77%, in addition to the 22,500 known cases which include 13,000 with permanent valvular lesions. In view of quiescence of disease during the summer, penicillin prophylaxis is not generally given during May through October. Physiotherapeutic methods of prophylaxis are given much stress (UV irradiation, etc.) and discussed in much detail. No references.

KOLAROV, St.

Secondary prevention of rheumatism in childhood, Suvar. med. 13
no. 914-8 '62.

(RHEUMATISM)

KOLAROV, V.; BONEV, L.; ROBEV, S.

Scintillating properties of some triaryl-substituted
representatives of the imidazole series. Doklady BAN
15 no.2:167-170 '62.

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A. Spasovym [Spasov, A.]

MITRANI, L.; NATCHEV, Tch. [Nachev, Ch.]; TCHAKAROV, E. [Chakurov, E.];
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BAN 16 no.2:213-216 '63.

1. Note présentée par D. Orakovats [Orakhovats, D.], membre
de l'Académie.

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"Inspecting the accuracy of metal-cutting machines", P. 35, (TESHKA
PROMISHLENOST, Vol. 3, No. 6, 1954, Sofiya, Bulgaria)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4,
No. 6, June 1955, Uncl.

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Driven shifters for cutting threads. p. 16.
(TEZHKA PROMISHLENOST. Vol. 3, No. 11, 1954)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accession, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9,
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Vol. 4, no. 9, 1955
TEZHKA PROMISHLENOST
TECHNOLOGY
Sofiya, Bulgaria

So: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, no. 5, May 1956

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Standardization of cogwheels for replacement. p.19. TEZHKA
PROMISHLENOST. (Ministerstvo na tezhkata prcmishlenost) Sofiia.
Vol. 5, no. 1, 1956

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL), Library of
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KOLAROV, V. Device for making convex and concave spherical surfaces. p. 32.

Vol. 5, No. 8, 1956.

TEZHKA FROMISHLENOST

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Sofia, Bulgaria

See: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 2, Feb. 1957

KOLAROV, V.

"Calculation of the permissible variations in the divisions on the levers of
steelyards."

p.18 (Leka Promishlenost, Vol. 7, no. 2, 1958, Sofia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 8, August 1958

B/007/62/000/002/006/012
D204/D307

AUTHORS: Kolarov, V., Bonev, L. and Robev, S.

TITLE: Studies of the scintillating properties of some triazyl-substituted members of the imidazole series

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy byulleten' Bolgarskoy nauchnoy literatury, Khimiya i khimicheskaya tekhnologiya, no. 2, 1962, 7, abstract 109, Doklady BAN, 15, 1962, book 2, pp 167-170

TEXT: The authors studied the scintillating properties of some triazyl-substituted imidazoles (2,4,5-triphenylimidazole, 2,4,5-tri(4-tolyl)-imidazole, and 2,4,5-tri(2-thionyl)-imidazole) and also hydrobenzamide, amarin and isoamarin, having the same atomic structure. Xylene solutions of various concentrations were prepared from these compounds, and their scintillating properties were studied under standard conditions. A Co⁶⁰ preparation with 10⁶ disintegrations per minute was used as the source of ionization. The triazyl-substituted imidazoles showed good scintillation properties and,

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Studies of the scintillating ...

B/007/62/000/002/006/012
D204/D307

bearing in mind their ease of preparation, can be successfully used in radiometry. Photoluminescent maxima in the excitation spectra of 2,4,5-triphenylimidazole and 2,4,5-tri(4-tolyl)-imidazole occur at 390 and 400 m μ and are in the spectral regions convenient for working with ordinary photomultipliers. These substances may also be used for displacing the photoluminescent spectra of other compounds, the luminescent maximum of which lies in the ultraviolet region of the spectrum. Amarin and isomarin exhibit no scintillating properties. (Otdeleniye radiobiologicheskikh nauk, Sofia, 36 (The Department of Radio-Biological Sciences, Sofia, 36))

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

RADIOLOGY

BULGARIA

RAYNOV, A., IVANOV, B., and KOLAROV, V., Chair of Pathophysiology
(Director, Prof. St. Pisarev), Advanced Medical Institute, Sofia; Scien-
tific Research Institute of Radiation Hygiene (Director, Docent Iv. Miko-
laev); Institute of Physics, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences (Director,
Academician G. Nadzhakov)

"Protein Synthesis in Protected and Unprotected White Mice with Acute
Radiation Sickness"

Sofia, Eksperimentalna Meditsina i Morfologiya, Vol 5, No 1, 1966,
pp 13-18

Abstract: The inclusion of methionine ³⁵ into the tissue proteins
of white mice irradiated with X-rays in a dose of 525 r was studied.
Some of the mice were protected before irradiation by intraperitoneal
injection of thiophene-2-carboxylic acid N-phenylamide or ergamine.

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BULGARIA

Sofia, Eksperimentalna Meditsina i Morfologiya, Vol 5, No 1, 1966,
pp 13-18

Dosimetric measurements and histoautoradiographic determinations showed that inclusion of methionine was greater in the small intestine, kidneys, and liver than in the spleen, myocardium, and brain; in the mucous membrane of the small intestine than in the lymphoid or muscle tissue of this organ; in the convoluted tubules as compared with the glomeruli, collecting tubules, and interstitium of the kidneys; and in the brain cortex vs. the white substance of the brain. The inclusion was greater in protected vs. unprotected mice and in mice that were kept on a protein diet. Tables, 26 references (2 Bulgarian, 21 USSR, 3 Western). Russian and English summaries. Manuscript received May 65.

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MITRANI, L.; ORMANDSCHIEV, S. [Ormandzhiev, S.]; BOEV, K.; TCHAKAROF, E.
[Chakarov, E.]; NATSCHEV, Tsch. [Nachev, Ch.]; KOLAROV, W., [Kolarov, V.]

The discriminator, a cytoplanimeter. Doklady BAN 17 no.8:773-776 '64.
Doklady BAN 17 no.8:773-776 '64.

1. Lehrstuhl fur Atomphysik an der Universitat Sofia, Radio-
biologische Abteilung beim Ministerium fur Gesundheitswesen,
Physiologisches Institut der Bulgarischen Akademie der Wissenschaften,
und Onkologisches wissenschaftliches Forschungsinstitut.